

This is our Relationships and Sex Education scheme of work. It forms part of our PSHE curriculum. The PSHE curriculum contains further topics including belonging to a community, online safety, money and work, keeping safe and physical and mental wellbeing.

#### <u>Year 1</u>

Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	
Safe relationships	about situations when someone's body or feelings might be hurt and whom to go to for help	
Recognising privacy; staying	about what it means to keep something private, including parts of the body that are private	
safe; seeking permission	• to identify different types of touch and how they make people feel (e.g. hugs, tickling, kisses and punches)	
	how to respond if being touched makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe	
	when it is important to ask for permission to touch others	
	how to ask for and give/not give permission	
Respecting ourselves and	what kind and unkind behaviour mean in and out of school	
others	how kind and unkind behaviour can make people feel	
How behaviour affects others;	about what respect means	
being polite and respectful	• about class rules, being polite to others, sharing and taking turns.	
Families and friendships	• about people who care for them, e.g. parents, siblings, grandparents, relatives, friends, teachers	
Roles of different people;	• the role these different people play in children's lives and how they care for them	
families; feeling cared for	• what it means to be a family and how families are different, e.g. single parents, same-sex parents, etc.	
	• about the importance of telling someone — and how to tell them — if they are worried about something in their family	
Growing and changing	• to recognise what makes them special and unique including their likes, dislikes and what they are good at	
Recognising what makes them	how to manage and whom to tell when finding things difficult, or when things go wrong	
unique and special; feelings;	how they are the same and different to others	
managing when things go	about different kinds of feelings	
wrong	how to recognise feelings in themselves and others	
	how feelings can affect how people behave	

Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	
Safe relationships	how to recognise hurtful behaviour, including online	
Managing secrets; resisting	what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience hurtful behaviour, including online	
pressure and getting help;	about what bullying is and different types of bullying	
recognising hurtful	how someone may feel if they are being bullied	
behaviour	about the difference between happy surprises and secrets that make them feel uncomfortable or worried, and how to get help	
	how to resist pressure to do something that feels uncomfortable or unsafe	
	how to ask for help if they feel unsafe or worried and what vocabulary to use	
Respecting ourselves and	about the things they have in common with their friends, classmates, and other people	
others	how friends can have both similarities and differences	
Recognising things in common	how to play and work cooperatively in different groups and situations	
and differences; playing and	• how to share their ideas and listen to others, take part in discussions, and give reasons for their views	
working cooperatively; sharing		
opinions		
Families and friendships	• how to be a good friend, e.g. kindness, listening, honesty	
Making friends; feeling lonely	about different ways that people meet and make friends	
and getting help	• strategies for positive play with friends, e.g. joining in, including others, etc.	
	about what causes arguments between friends	
	how to positively resolve arguments between friends	
	• how to recognise, and ask for help, when they are feeling lonely or unhappy or to help someone else	
Growing and changing	about the human life cycle and how people grow from young to old	
Growing older; naming body	how our needs and bodies change as we grow up	
parts; moving class or year	• to identify and name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g.vulva, vagina, penis, testicles)	
	about change as people grow up, including new opportunities and responsibilities	
	• preparing to move to a new class and setting goals for next year	

Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	
Safe relationships	What is appropriate to share with friends, classmates, family and wider social groups including online	
Personal boundaries; safely	about what privacy and personal boundaries are, including online	
responding to others; the impact	• basic strategies to help keep themselves safe online e.g. passwords, using trusted sites and adult supervision	
of hurtful behaviour	• that bullying and hurtful behaviour is unacceptable in any situation	
	about the effects and consequences of bullying for the people involved	
	about bullying online, and the similarities and differences to face-to-face bullying	
	what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience bullying or hurtful behaviour	
Respecting ourselves and others	• to recognise respectful behaviours e.g. helping or including others, being responsible	
Recognising respectful	• how to model respectful behaviour in different situations e.g. at home, at school, online	
behaviour; the importance of	• the importance of self-respect and their right to be treated respectfully by others	
self-respect; courtesy and	• what it means to treat others, and be treated, politely	
being polite	• the ways in which people show respect and courtesy in different cultures and in wider society	
Families and friendships What makes a family; features of	• to recognise and respect that there are different types of families, including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents	
family life	• that being part of a family provides support, stability and love	
	• about the positive aspects of being part of a family, such as spending time together and caring for each other	
	• about the different ways that people can care for each other e.g. giving encouragement or support in times of difficulty	
	• to identify if/when something in a family might make someone upset or worried	
	what to do and whom to tell if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe	
Growing and changing	that everyone is an individual and has unique and valuable contributions to make	
Personal strengths and	• to recognise how strengths and interests form part of a person's identity	
achievements; managing and	• how to identify their own personal strengths and interests and what they're proud of (in school, out of school)	
reframing setbacks	• to recognise common challenges to self -worth e.g. finding school work difficult, friendship issues	
	• basic strategies to manage and reframe setbacks e.g. asking for help, focusing on what they can learn from a setback, remembering what they are	
	good at, trying again	

Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	
Safe relationships	• to differentiate between playful teasing, hurtful behaviour and bullying, including online	
Responding to hurtful behaviour;	how to respond if they witness or experience hurtful behaviour or bullying, including online	
managing confidentiality;	• recognise the difference between 'playful dares' and dares which put someone under pressure, at risk, or make them feel uncomfortable	
recognising risks online	how to manage pressures associated with dares	
	when it is right to keep or break a confidence or share a secret	
	how to recognise risks online such as harmful content or contact	
	how people may behave differently online including pretending to be someone they are not	
	how to report concerns and seek help if worried or uncomfortable about someone's behaviour, including online	
Respecting ourselves and others	• to recognise differences between people such as gender, race, faith	
Respecting differences and	• to recognise what they have in common with others e.g. shared values, likes and dislikes, aspirations	
similarities; discussing difference	about the importance of respecting the differences and similarities between people	
sensitively	a vocabulary to sensitively discuss difference and include everyone	
Families and friendships	about the features of positive healthy friendships such as mutual respect, trust and sharing interests	
Positive friendships, including	• strategies to build positive friendships	
online	how to seek support with relationships if they feel lonely or excluded	
	how to communicate respectfully with friends when using digital devices	
	• how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face to face and that there are risks in communicating with someone they don't know	
	what to do or whom to tell if they are worried about any contact online	
Growing and changing	• about personal identity and what contributes to it, including race, sex, gender, family, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes	
Personal identity; recognising	how to recognise, respect and express their individuality and personal qualities	
individuality and different	ways to boost their mood and improve emotional wellbeing	
qualities; mental wellbeing	about the link between participating in interests, hobbies and community groups and mental wellbeing	

#### <u>Year 5</u>

Topic	In this unit of work, students learn	
Safe relationships	• to identify what physical touch is acceptable, unacceptable, wanted or unwanted in different situations	
Physical contact and feeling safe	how to ask for, give and not give permission for physical contact	
	how it feels in a person's mind and body when they are uncomfortable	
	• that it is never someone's fault if they have experienced unacceptable contact	
	how to respond to unwanted or unacceptable physical contact	
	• that no one should ask them to keep a secret that makes them feel uncomfortable or try to persuade them to keep a secret they are worried about	
	whom to tell if they are concerned about unwanted physical contact	
Respecting ourselves and others	• to recognise that everyone should be treated equally	
Responding respectfully to a wide	• why it is important to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different	
range of people; recognising	to their own	
prejudice and discrimination	what discrimination means and different types of discrimination e.g. racism, sexism, homophobia	
	• to identify online bullying and discrimination of groups or individuals e.g. trolling and harassment	
	• the impact of discrimination on individuals, groups and wider society	
	ways to safely challenge discrimination	
	how to report discrimination online	
Families and friendships	what makes a healthy friendship and how they make people feel included	
Managing friendships and peer	• strategies to help someone feel included	
influence	about peer influence and how it can make people feel or behave	
	• the impact of the need for peer approval in different situations, including online	
	• strategies to manage peer influence and the need for peer approval e.g. exit strategies, assertive communication	
	• that it is common for friendships to experience challenges	
	• strategies to positively resolve disputes and reconcile differences in friendships	
	• that friendships can change over time and the benefits of having new and different types of friends	
	how to recognise if a friendship is making them feel unsafe, worried, or uncomfortable	
	when and how to seek support in relation to friendships	
Growing and changing	how to identify external genitalia and reproductive organs	
Physical and emotional changes	about the physical and emotional changes during puberty	
in puberty; external genitalia;	key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams	
personal hygiene routines;	strategies to manage the changes during puberty including menstruation	
support with puberty	the importance of personal hygiene routines during puberty including washing regularly and using deodorant	
	how to discuss the challenges of puberty with a trusted adult	
	how to get information, help and advice about puberty	
	• that for some people their gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex	

Topic	In this unit of work, students learn
Respecting ourselves and others	about the link between values and behaviour and how to be a positive role model
Expressing opinions and respecting	how to discuss issues respectfully
other points of view, including discussing	how to listen to and respect other points of view
topical issues	how to constructively challenge points of view they disagree with
	ways to participate effectively in discussions online and manage conflict or disagreements
Families and friendships	what it means to be attracted to someone and different kinds of loving relationships
Attraction to others; romantic	• that people who love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith
relationships; civil partnership and	about the qualities of healthy relationships that help individuals flourish
marriage	ways in which couples show their love and commitment to one another, including those who are not married or who live
	apart
	what marriage and civil partnership mean e.g. a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults
	that people have the right to choose whom they marry or whether to get married
	that to force anyone into marriage is illegal
	how and where to report forced marriage or ask for help if they are worried
Safe relationships	• to compare the features of a healthy and unhealthy friendship
Consent in different situations	what consent means and how to seek and give/not give permission in different situations
Growing and changing	• to recognise some of the changes as they grow up e.g. increasing independence
Human reproduction and birth;	about what being more independent might be like, including how it may feel
increasing independence; managing	about the transition to secondary school and how this may affect their feelings
transitions	about how relationships may change as they grow up or move to secondary school
	• practical strategies that can help to manage times of change and transition e.g. practising the bus route to secondary school
	• identify the links between love, committed relationships and conception
	what sexual intercourse is, and how it can be one part of an intimate relationship between consenting adults
	• how pregnancy occurs i.e. when a sperm meets an egg and the fertilised egg settles into the lining of the womb
	that pregnancy can be prevented with contraception
	about the responsibilities of being a parent or carer and how having a baby changes someone's life